## Модель Го дена и чентр на критической уровне.

О1 метод совита аргушента

R-noungrapibles antépa ce me neu ests cornaisbanne cuos nu l'accord l', 1/2 u 4., 1/2

L., y= ({ , y1+t { , }, }, )-Tome modera Myaccora.

Факт 1: Алгебра порогиденная центрами скобок 4., Іт коммертат мена отнеменьно (:, Ут Ут

Cre get bue 1: 2(S(g)) - yent p otrout en to cuoduce

Myaccora Mu u με q\*. Torga Aμ C S(g) nopo-negerinas θη Φ (Φε z(S(g)) copunyment to tye.

would the orm. Tya coma - Me. (Koyara-Muprand)

Фантг: Если ред-регупарным попупарогом,

&2. Year p na xpurmecuou ypobre. се - коинексива пощприга спребра Ли. à - appunnes anrès pa Mu. g((t)) - pagos co znouernam b g Vertpans noe parmeperue g=g(t)) +CK K-yerrpanen. Chooka ra q: [g, ∞×(t), g, ∞y(t)] = [g, g, ] ×(t) y(t) + K, (g, g,) Res(x(t)dy(t)). K (g,,g2eg;x(t),y(t)eC((t))) gn = got , Torga [gn, gm] = [g,g]n+m+n Sn+m, 2c(g,g)K  $\mathcal{H}_c(g_1, g_2) = -\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Tr}_g(adg_1, adg_2)$ Ects enequent noe granefue K=1 npu которой центр  $U(\hat{g})$  до статочно бол-шей.  $U(\hat{g})/(U(\hat{g})t^ngcct) = An$ 

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial g} = \frac{eins}{2} \frac{V(g)}{V(g) + g[f]}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial f} = \frac{eins}{2} \frac{V(g)}{V(g) + g[f]}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial f} = \frac{eins}{2} \frac{V(g)}{f} = \frac{eins}{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial f}$$

Πρи K=1  $\hat{U}(\hat{g})$  cancer metpulsiansньш уентр. Какие есть уент рапьные этементы  $\hat{U}(\hat{g})$ ?  $Z(\hat{g})$  - yentp  $\hat{U}(\hat{g})$ !

Lin = \( \sum\_{n-e} \times\_n \ \times\_{e>0} \times\_{n-e} \times\_{e<0} \times\_n \times\_{e<0} \times\_n \times\_{e<0} \times\_n \times

He 
$$(g_1, g_2) = -\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Tr}_g(adg_1 adg_2)$$

Becompar optotroprupabarus Sayue other

the  $2e_c(x^a, x^b) = -\delta^{ab}$ 
 $\operatorname{Tr}_g(adx^a, adx^b) = 2\delta^{ab}$ 

Ytherwarus:  $[L_n, x_m] = 2m(k-i)x_{n+m}^a$ 
 $2ok - 6o$ :  $[x^a, x^b] = f^{ab} c x^c$ 
 $x^a \mapsto f^a \delta$ 
 $f^a \delta \cdot f^b \delta \delta = 2\delta^{ab}$ 

Lin =  $\sum_{e>0} x_{n-e} x_e^e + \sum_{e>0} x_e x_{n-e}$ 
 $[L_n, x_m] = 2m \cdot x_{m+n} \cdot x_e^+$ 
 $[L_n, x_m] = 2m \cdot x_{m+n} \cdot x_e^+$ 
 $[L_n, x_m] = 2m \cdot x_{m+n} \cdot x_e^+$ 
 $[e>0] + \sum_{e>0} f^{ba} c x_e^e x_{n-e+m} x_e^+$ 
 $[e>0] + \sum_{e>0} f^{ba} c x_e^e x_{n-e+m} + \sum_{e>0} f^{ba} c x_e^e x_{n-e+m}^e$ 
 $[e=0] + \sum_{e>0} f^{ba} c x_e^e x_{n-e+m}^e + \sum_{e>0} f^{ba} c x_e^e x_{n-e+m}^e$ 

$$= -\sum_{e=0}^{m-1} f^{ba} \times \sum_{e=0}^{m-1} f^{ba} \times \sum_{n=e+m}^{c} f^{$$

 $= 2m \times x_{m+n} - 2m \times_{m+n} =$   $= 2m (k-l) \times m+h$   $[ (k-l) \times m+h ]$   $[ (k-l) \times m+h ]$ 

+ e dn+m, o 5 cb K)) =

No Francy npu K=1 Ln∈Z(g)

Yt bepryeme! 
$$Z(\hat{g}) = \frac{f_1}{f_1} \left( U(\hat{g}) / U(\hat{g}) (\hat{g}_1 \oplus \hat{U}(x-1)) \right)^{\frac{2}{3}+\frac{1}{3}}$$
 $\frac{f_2}{f_1} \cdot U(\hat{g}_1) \cdot U(\hat{g}) (\hat{g}_1 \oplus \hat{U}(x-1))^{\frac{2}{3}+\frac{1}{3}}$ 
 $\frac{f_2}{f_2} \cdot U(\hat{g}_1) \cdot U(\hat{g}_1) \cdot U(\hat{g}_1)^{\frac{2}{3}+\frac{1}{3}}$ 
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$$\begin{array}{ll}
\cong \text{Hom}_{U(\widehat{g})}\left(\text{Ind}_{U(\widehat{g}_{+})}^{U(\widehat{g}_{+})}\right) & \cong \\
\cong \text{Hom}_{U(\widehat{g}_{+})}\left(C, \bigvee_{0}\right) = \bigvee_{0}^{\widehat{g}_{+}} & \\
\bigvee_{0}^{\widehat{g}_{+}} = \operatorname{End}_{U(\widehat{g}_{+})}\left(U(\widehat{g}_{+})\right) & \cong \operatorname{End}_{U(\widehat{g}_{+})}^{U(\widehat{g}_{+})} \\
\operatorname{Dance} & \operatorname{End}_{A}(A) \cong A^{\operatorname{opp}} \\
A : \operatorname{anredpa}, A^{\ell} - \operatorname{nebbus mogynts} \\
a \cdot b \to a \cdot b \\
A^{\operatorname{opp}}: \quad \alpha * b = b \cdot a \\
\bigvee_{0}^{\widehat{g}_{+}} = \operatorname{End}_{U(\widehat{g}_{+})}\left(U(\widehat{g}_{+})\right) & \cong \operatorname{End}_{U(\widehat{g}_{+})}^{U(\widehat{g}_{+})} = \\
= U(\widehat{g}_{-})^{\operatorname{opp}}
\end{array}$$

Ze Z(g)

 $Z(\hat{g}) \rightarrow End_{U(\hat{g})}(V_o) \simeq$ 

Танин образон, по определими сквогной гононорорине алгебр:  $i: Z(\hat{g}) \longrightarrow V_{o}^{g+} \longrightarrow U(\hat{g}_{-})$ U(g-) > Im(i)-nousy combras nogarréspa. A = Im(i) c U(g-) Apunep: se(z): en, fn, hn

Ln = [ ( \frac{1}{2}h\_{n-e}he + en-efe+f\_{n-eee}) +

+ \( \langle \langle \langle \text{the hn-e+eefn-e+feen-e} \)  $\langle L_n \rangle \rangle \langle L_n \rangle \rangle \langle L_n \rangle \rangle \langle L_n \rangle \langle L_n \rangle \rangle \langle L_n \rangle \langle L_$ 

i: 
$$Z(g) \rightarrow U(g_{-})$$
 i...  $S(g) \rightarrow Sg_{-}$ 
 $U(g_{-}) \supset Im(i) = A$ 

Haromuranne: B goxrage Crabbe Suro

 $A^{univ}$  u b then Some oppositione

 $S_{k} = i_{-1} (\Phi_{k})$  u co chosogramum

obpaymentum  $\Phi_{t}^{h} S_{k}$ 
 $\Phi_{aut} z$ : 1)  $\exists S_{k} - Tanne$  obpayment

une arrespa  $A^{univ}$ , Sonce  $Toro$ 
 $gr S_{k} = S_{k} = i_{-1} (\Phi_{k})$ 

2)  $d^{univ}$  Chodogra noponigaerca

 $\{\partial_{t}^{h} S_{k}\}$ ;  $Po S_{k}$  usbect to, rao

orni ognopogna orn.  $t\partial_{t}$ 

Lin = \frac{\sqrt{1}}{2} (\frac{1}{2}hehn-e+eefn-e+feen-e),
e=-1

 $L_{1-2} = \frac{1}{2}h_{-1}h_{-1} + e_{-1}f_{-1} + f_{-1}e_{-1}$ 

Mu uneen A c U(g.) Puncupyen ==0 g==t'gct']  $\Psi_{z}: \mathcal{O}(\hat{g}_{-}) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}(g), \Psi_{z}(x_{m}) = z^{m} \times \epsilon \mathcal{O}(g)$  $\mathcal{C}_{\infty}: \mathcal{C}(\widehat{g}_{-}) \longrightarrow \mathcal{C}(g) \quad \mathcal{C}_{\infty}(x_m) = \delta_{-1,m} \times \delta_{-1,m} \times$  $\Psi_{z,\infty}: U(\hat{q}_{-}) \longrightarrow U(g) \otimes S(g)$ Oбognamme  $A(z,\infty) = \ell_{z,\infty}(A^{univ})$  $U(g)\otimes S(g)$ YTheprogerues: A(Z, 0) noporugera Kosepap. remembre le Secnonement quinkyen Yw-z, 0 (SK) = SK(W) (A(2,00) re jablem or DOK-loo:

&4. Kannytatubren nogartépa b (9)

Fremerise 
$$(2, \infty)$$
 ( $\partial_t^n S_K$ ) no possign of  $A(2, \infty)$ . Fremeris  $(2, \infty)$  hoposing a to  $A(2, \infty)$ . Frems poblished pay notherway  $(2, \infty)$   $(3, \infty$ 

Doδ abraeu χαρακτερ με  $g^*$   $A_{\mu} = (id ⊗ \mu) A(z, ∞)$  U(g) ⊗ S(g) U(g) ⊗ S(g)

Teopenas:  $grA_{\mu} = A_{\mu} \frac{U(g)^{gr}}{A_{\mu}} S(g)$  $\frac{\partial v}{\partial \mu} A_{\mu} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \mu} A_{\mu}$ 

E-guepoperyupabarue U(g\_)OS(g)

 $E(g_m \otimes 1) = \delta_{-1,m} \otimes g$   $E(1 \otimes g) = 0$ 

Newwa:  $A(z, \infty) \subset U(q) \otimes S(q)$  nopongers.  $(Y_z \otimes id)(E^{\delta}(S_z \otimes 1)).$ 

Ha canon gene 270 Te me Kozgrap. Noparobekazo paynomenne  $S_{K}(w) = V_{v-2,\infty}(S_{K})$  b

Torune v = z.

$$(\{\xi \otimes id\})(S_{N}) = \frac{\#}{(w-2)^{k}}$$

$$(\{\xi \otimes id\})(E(S_{N})) = \frac{\#}{(w-2)^{k-1}}$$

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Su ograpagno otro cer enono tot

(4204x). D(Sx)

( Uz oid) (Eo(Sk Øs))

 $grS_{k} = \overline{S}_{k} = i_{-1}(\Phi_{k})$ gr (idor) (Proid)(Ed(Srot)) = -degPK+f = ₹ (idope) ef(PK&1) = = Z-degPK+) Ope PK tro de Pr. - espayrousue Apr c S(g) Torga gray >Ax Tan neur Ap-næxcumanstro, To Bepro e gran = Ape. 55 housegrand nois nogan exper ((g)  $U^{(i)} = 10.0000.01 e^{(70)}$ i-de neurol

diagn:  $U(\hat{g}_{-}) \rightarrow U(\hat{g}_{-})^{\otimes n}$ diagn(u) =  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} u^{(i)}$  $\longrightarrow \mathcal{O}(g)\otimes \mathcal{G}_g$  $\mathcal{L}_{z_1,\ldots,z_n,\infty}:\mathcal{U}(g_-)$ (12,,..,2n, == (42, 0... 042, 040) odiagn+1  $(q_{1,...,2n,\infty}(q_m) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} z_i q_{i,n}^{(i)} + \delta_{-1,n} q_{i,n}^{(n+1)})$ A(Z1,.., Zn, ∞) = (Z1,..., Zn, ∞ (A")

Thepringeria: 1)  $A(z_1,...,z_n,\infty(0))$ Topcerobenese Rospoperseración operation  $S_K(w) = (w_{-z_1},...,w_{-z_n},\infty(S_K))b$ Tourax  $w = z_i, i=1,...,n$  & Grennese

tornax v=Zi, i=1, la Tecnoenemo con.

2) A (Z1,..., Zn, 00) re ujuencerca npu ogtobpenerenou zametre Zi-> QZi+b

Ap(Z,,..., Zn) = (id & pe) A(Z1, -, Zn, 00) YThepriegenie: Anterpa Apr(Z1,...,Zn)

cogephina Cementotothante Togetia.

Hi =  $\frac{n \text{ dim} g}{\sum_{k \neq i}^{(X)} \alpha_{i}(x)} \frac{dim g}{(X)} + \sum_{k \neq i}^{(I)} \alpha_{i}(x) + \sum_$ 

Don-loo: 4-2 = \( \int \times\_1 \times\_1 \times\_1 \times\_1 \times \( \mathcal{G}\_- \)

$$\begin{array}{l}
\frac{dimg \ n}{\sqrt{x^{2}}} (x^{2})^{(i)} \\
\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^{2}}} (x^{2})^{(i)} \\
\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^{2}}} (x^{2})^{(i)} \\
\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^{2}}} (x^{2})^{(i)} (x^{2})^{(i)} \\
\frac{1$$

Teopleaz: lim Aμ(SZ,,..., SZn) = S-> ∞ Αμ(SZ,,..., SZn) = Aμ(SZ, ..., SZn) = Αμ(SZ)

Cregetbre: Genere Tpancyengerman  $A_{\mu}(z_1,...,z_n)$  pæbra  $\frac{n}{2}(ding+nkg)npa$   $\pi$  (reparet pax  $z_1,...,z_n$  obuyet o nonoxidus  $(\mu - \text{perynepholia})$ .